

HIPE Coding Process

Extraction of information from
medical record to summary of the
discharge in HIPE record

- HIPE Record
- Summary of admitted episode of care
 - Demography information (from PAS)
 - Administrative information (from PAS)
 - Clinical Information (extract by coder from medical record)
 - Principal Diagnosis
 - Up to 29 additional diagnoses
 - Up to 20 procedures

- Classification used for clinical information
 - ICD10-AM 8th edition
 - Australian Modification of ICD10 – extra codes with more specificity
 - ACHI
 - Australian Classification of Health Interventions
 - Supported by Australian Coding Standards
 - Irish Coding Standards
- Internationally comparable classification with strict rules on code selection

- Coding Rules
 - Definition of Principal Diagnosis
 - “the diagnosis established after study to be chiefly responsible for occasioning the episode of care”
 - Rules for collection of additional diagnoses
 - “A condition or complaint either coexisting with Pdx or arising during episode of care, that affects patient management”
 - Rules for collection of procedures (interventions)
 - “intervention that is surgical in nature and/or carries a procedural risk and/or carries an anaesthetic risk and/or requires specialised training”
 - “procedures that are routine in nature, performed for most patients or where the procedure is inherent in a diagnosis are not normally coded”

Coding Process – code selection

- Review full medical record
 - Analyse medical terminology to identify diagnoses and procedures
- Locate main terms from classification
 - eBook – use alphabetical index to search conditions, diseases, external causes, symptoms, factors influencing health status, procedures
- Select tentative code
- Check code against Tabular list
 - check instructions on conventions e.g. *code also, includes, excludes* to guarantee correct code assignment
- Apply Coding Standards
 - Check for specific guidelines

Coding Process – creation of HIPE record

- Download from PAS to HIPE
 - Administrative and demographic data
 - uncoded HIPE record
- Coder selects uncoded HIPE record and adds clinical information through entry of codes, responsible consultant and procedure dates
- Data Validation checks run as record saved, coder resolves discrepancies
 - For example
 - Inappropriate principal diagnosis assignment
 - Age, sex, diagnoses, procedure consistency
 - Surgical procedure without Anaesthesia

Coding Process – Check HIPE record

- Coder runs suite of checks on HIPE data
 - resolves issues
 - queries unclear documentation with clinicians
 - queries code selection with HPO as necessary
- Coder/Coding Manager audits HIPE data
 - Identify one-off and systematic issues
 - Corrective action plan including remediation and preventative actions
- Coder updates previously entered HIPE record as appropriate
- HPO Coding team provide advice on code selection
- HPO coding team review HIPE data centrally, queries sent back to coder for resolution
- HPO audit HIPE records against medical records
 - Identify once-off and systematic issues
 - Hospital develops Corrective action plan including remediation and preventative actions
 - HPO develops Corrective action plan including remediation and preventative actions including training strategies and further audits

Submit HIPE record to National File

- Hospital provides monthly transfer of HIPE to HPO
 - De identified secure data transfer
 - Includes newly coded HIPE data
 - Includes updated/changed HIPE data
- Annual finalisation/closure of HIPE file