H.I.P.E.

Hospital In-Patient Enquiry

2024 INSTRUCTION MANUAL



For use with the HIPE Portal

January 2024

V1.0

Healthcare Pricing Office

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CODER

Before you begin, make sure you have the following (which are available from the Healthcare Pricing Office):

- 12th Edition ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS classification: 5 Volume book set or iEBook
- ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS training material (as issued at training courses)
- HIPE Instruction Manual
- Irish Coding Standards
- Record summary sheets (if required)

Also have for reference

- Medical Dictionary e.g. Dorland's
- M.I.M.S. Index of Drugs
- For definitions of all HIPE variables please refer to the HIPE Data Dictionary at www.hpo.ie

HIPE IT systems

- Please ensure you are set up with passwords and access for the HIPE portal system.
- Also ensure that you have access to the HIPE Meta Data Services (MDS) application to apply for ward registration and consultant number requests

HIPE Support

Clinical Coding Queries: Please submit by email with as much detail as possible to

hipe.coding@hse.ie. Remove any identifying information.

HIPE Data Requests & Statistics: To access HIPE information please email: HIPEData.Requests@hse.ie

with details of your information requirements.

Consultant Number Requests: To add a HIPE number for a consultant applications can be made

through the HPO Meta Data Services (MDS) Web app. For registering

on MDS please contact HIPEIT@hse.ie

HIPE Software Support: Queries relating to HIPE software can be submitted to

HIPEIT@hse.ie

HIPE Training Requests & Queries: Any queries relating to HIPE training can be submitted to

hipe.training@hse.ie

HIPE Ward Registration: Applications for registration of wards can be submitted though the

HPO Meta Data Services (MDS) Web app. For registering

on MDS please contact HIPEIT@hse.ie

HIPE Exports: To be submitted monthly via email to export@hse.ie

See page 27 for list of export dates in 2024 and information on HIPE

coding deadlines.

Contact Details: Healthcare Pricing Office

1st Floor

The Brunel Building Heuston South Quarter St. John's Road West

Dublin 8 D08 X01F

Website: www.hpo.ie

E-mail: hporeception@hse.ie

Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE) Summary Sheet 2024 V1.

For use with HIPE on ALL DISCHARGES FROM 01 01 2024

FOI USE WILLI HIPE OIL ALL DISCHARGES	FROW 01.01.2024		
Patient's Hospital of Discharge	Type (priority) of Admission		FOR LOCAL COLLECTION ONLY
MRN	Type of Elective Adm W/List "Type"	Mode	*Name:
Sex Date of Birth / /	If Adm Type=1-2 If Adm Type=1-2	If Adm Type=4,5,7	
	NTPF: Y/N Access to Care: Y/N		*Address:
Admission Date / /	IF TRANSFER IN: Tick if this a transfer of a non-admitted	natient	
Admission Time : :	D. William of a		latory support (hours) Cumulative
Discharge Date / /	Lab Carfin	med COVID-19 F	
Discharge Time : Disc	charge Code Lab-Confir		
Area of Residence Admi	ting Ward Day	/ Case Da	y Ward Day Ward ID
*Eircode Discha	rge Ward	Ukrai	ine Temporary Protection Directive Y/N
Marital /Civil Status	Transfer from	Days in ITU/I	
	Transfer to		on discharge is "private" also enter: Occupancy ITU/ICU
Medical Card	Temp Leave Days	, ,	le occupancy ITU/ICU
Health Insurer Still Live	Date of Transfer to rehab/PDU / /	Number o	of Days by Bed Type:
Parity + Eve	Days in a Critical Care Bed	Private Be	
Infant Admit Weight (grams)	Discharge Status	Number o	of Days by Room Type:
Specialist Palliative Care Involvement	Discharge Mode	Single	Room Bed Multiple Room Bed
Admitting Consultant	Intensive Care Consultant	Discharge Con	1 ' ' ' 11
Primary Consultant	Up to 10 Intensive Care	Specialty of Dis Consultant	scharge Date / /
PDY - The diganosis established after	consultants may be recorded		nt's episode of care in hospital (ACS 0001)
1 DX = The diagnosis established dite	r study to be emerly responsible for occus	Hospital	Consisten
ICD-10-AM Code Principal Diagnosis (PDX)		Acquired Dx	Consultant # Specialty
(1)		_	
(2)		-	
(3)		-	ges from
(5)		- 	
(6)		-	
(7)		- 	all c
(8)			
(9)		-	l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l
	gnoses codes may be entered.	-	P P
			Consultant Date of
Procedure/Intervention Codes Block No.		[Consultant # Anaesthetist # Procedure
(1)	rocedure		
(2)			
(3)		[
	20 procedure codes may be entered.		
Case entered on HIPE: Hospital Ref	No. For HPO Use:		

Case entered on HIPE:

^{*} Patient Name, Full Address, full DOB, and Full Eircode are currently <u>not</u> exported to the HPO. These are collected only at hospital level.

[#] More than one consultant can be recorded.

[^] HADx flag can be assigned for PDx in **Neonates on the birth episode only**.

HIPE Instruction Manual

HIPE collects information on in-patient and day patient activity from participating hospitals. A HIPE discharge record is created when a patient is discharged from (or dies in) hospital. This record contains administrative, demographic and clinical information for a discrete episode of care. An episode of care begins at admission to a ward (inpatient or daycase) in hospital and ends at discharge from (or death in) that hospital.

This manual provides instruction on the capture of administrative and demographic data for each HIPE discharge record. Clinical data are captured in accordance with the classification and associated standards.

All variables listed are for collection for discharges from 01.01.2024 When reviewing HIPE data for previous years, please refer to the Instruction Manual for the relevant period.

The arrow beside a field below refers to items downloaded by the PAS where available. These fields must always be verified against the information in the chart.

All HIPE Data are subject to Audit (including chart based reviews)

1. Patient's Hospital of Discharge: The code of the hospital that the patient is under

the care of using the four digit Hospital Code List (see

full listing on pages 20-22).

2. Chart Number: Up to 8 characters allowed. If less than 8, place zeros before the

chart number (or case reference number). Up to 2 alpha characters allowed, again place these before the chart number

and in the first position(s).

3. Date of Admission: Enter day, month and year in appropriate boxes,

inserting zeros where necessary.

e.g. 1st March 2024= 01 03 2024

The date of admission is the date the patient is admitted to an

inpatient ward or a registered dayward.

3a. **Time of Admission:** The time of admission in the 24 hour format for the patient will

be collected for all patients discharged from hospital. The time of admission will be the time, as recorded on the PAS, the patient was admitted to a ward as either a daycase or an

inpatient.

Admission codes

Type of Admission This indicates the *priority* of the admission

4. Type of Admission



1 Elective

The patient's condition permits adequate time to schedule the availability of suitable services. An elective admission may be delayed without substantial risk to the health of the individual.

2 Elective Readmission

Patient admitted electively to continue ongoing treatment or care.

4 Emergency

The patient requires immediate care and treatment as a result of a severe, life threatening or potentially disabling condition. Generally, the patient is admitted through the Emergency Department.

5 Emergency Readmission

This is an unscheduled readmission following a previous spell of treatment in the same hospital and relating to the treatment or care previously given.

6 Maternity

The patient is admitted related to their obstetrical experience. (From conception to 6 weeks post delivery).

Collection of the patient's parity is mandatory for this Admission Type – see pg. 17 for further details.

7 New born (0-27 days)

Neonate admitted to hospital for care or observation. Type of admission '7' will be used for patients up to the age of 28 days (0-27 days old) who are admitted to the hospital as an emergency or where the admission is unplanned. *Note*: Any other neonatal patients (0-27 days old) admitted routinely will be assigned the regular booked admission type.

Elective MAU /ASAU Admissions:

Elective re/admissions to registered MAUs/ASAUs are **not** reported to HIPE, this activity is to be reported as Outpatient activity.

"Type" of Elective Admission

When the admission type is either 1- Elective or 2 - Elective Readmission the Type of Elective Admission is also required to indicate if the elective admission is from a waiting list or is a planned admission. It is coded as:

- 1 Planned Admission
- 2 Admission from Waiting List
- 3 Unknown

"Type" of Waiting List category

When a user indicates that the admission type is either 1-VElective or 2 - Elective Readmission a display box appears on the screen to ask if the case is funded by the National Treatment Purchase Fund (NTPF) or "Access to Care" funding.

0 - Not NTPF

1 - Yes NTPF

2 - "Access to Care" funding

Note: This field is subject to review and validation by the HSE and NTPF.

Mode of Emergency Admission

This indicates where the patient was treated immediately prior to being admitted into the hospital as an inpatient or when the patient was treated only in a <u>registered</u> Acute Medical Assessment Unit (AMAU*) or in a <u>registered</u> Acute Surgical Assessment Unit (ASAU§).

When the user chooses a **Type of Admission**: **Emergency or Newborn**, a display box presents the Mode of Emergency Admission options:

- 1 ED (Emergency Department) of the admitting hospital
- 2 AMAU <u>Admitted as Inpatient</u>: This code is assigned if the patient is admitted as an emergency to the hospital through the AMAU.
- 3 Other
- 4 Unknown

5 AMAU **Only**: This code is assigned if the patient is admitted

as an emergency to the AMAU and is

discharged from there.

6 Local Injury Unit: Admission directly from a HSE listed Local

Injury Unit

7 ASAU **Admitted as Inpatient:** This code is assigned if the

patient is admitted as an emergency to the

hospital through the ASAU.

8 ASAU **Only:** This code is assigned if the patient is admitted

as an emergency to the ASAU and is

discharged from there

Note: AMAUs /ASAUs must be registered in order for the Healthcare Pricing Office to activate this field for collection (contact HIPEIT@hse.ie)

^{*}Mode of emergency admission for AMAU cases can only be 2 – AMAU Admitted as inpatient or 5 – AMAU Only

[§]Mode of emergency admission for ASAU cases can only be 7– ASAU Admitted as inpatient or 8 – ASAU Only

- 5. Source of Admission Where the patient was prior to admission.
 - 1 Home
 - 2 Transfer from nursing home/convalescent home or other long stay accommodation
 - 3 Transfer of admitted or non-admitted patient from Hospital or COVID -19 facility in Hospital code list or transfer from *any* Acute Hospital not specified in Hospital Code Listing (see pages 20-22 in this manual).

When the coder enters a transfer (3) as a source of admission the system will respond with:

- a request to identify the hospital in question. This hospital may be entered as a 4-digit code from the Hospital Code List (See pull down menu on PC or listing on pages 20-22 of this instruction manual).
- An indicator to identify if this is the transfer of a non-admitted patient. E.g. patient transferred from an ED in another hospital.
- Transfer specific codes are provided for transfer from Covid-19 facilities. See hospital listings Pg. 22
- Transfer specific codes are provided for transfer from private hospitals. See hospital listings Pg. 22
- 4 Transfer from Non-Acute Hospital
- 5 Transfer from hospice
- 6 Transfer from psychiatric hospital/unit
- **7** New born
- **8** Temporary place of residence (e.g. hotel)
- 9 Prison
- **0** Other

6. Date of Discharge

Enter the appropriate date in the appropriate boxes inserting zeros where necessary.

e.g. 10th March 2024 = 10 03 2024

Where a patient is discharged from the same hospital more than once in the same day, these episodes are consolidated into one discharge record for HIPE purposes.

6a. Time of Discharge

The time of discharge, in the 24 hour format, for the patient will be collected for all patients, both daycases and inpatients, discharged from hospital. The time of discharge will be the time, as recorded on the PAS, that the patient was discharged.

7. Discharge codes identify the discharge destination

- **00** Self discharge
- **01** Home
- 02 Nursing home, convalescent home or long stay accommodation
- **03 Emergency** Transfer to Hospital in Hospital Code Listing or transfer to *any* <u>Acute</u> Hospital not specified in Hospital Code Listing (see pages 20-22 in this manual).
- **04 Non Emergency** Transfer to Hospital in Hospital Code Listing, or Covid-19 facility, or transfer to *any* Acute Hospital not specified in Hospital Code Listing (see pages 20-22 in this manual).

When the coder enters a transfer (03 or 04) as a discharge code the system will respond with a request to identify the hospital in question. This hospital may be entered by a 4-digit code number from the Hospital Code List (See pull down menu on PC or listing at the end of this instruction manual).

- Transfer specific codes are provided for transfer to Covid-19 facilities. See hospital listings Pg. 22
- Transfer specific codes are provided for transfer to private hospitals. See hospital listings Pg. 22

05 - Transfer to psychiatric hospital/unit

13 - Absconded

06 - Died with post mortem

14 - Other (e.g. Foster care)

07 - Died no post mortem

15 - Temporary place of residence (e.g. hotel)

- 08 Emergency Transfer to Non-Acute hospital
- 09 Non Emergency Transfer to Non-Acute hospital
- 10 Transfer to rehabilitation facility
- 11 Hospice
- **12** Prison

8. Discharge Mode

For cases discharged since 01/01/2022, the HIPE Portal collects Discharge Mode to identify why a patient was transferred. This information will provide further information on a patient's discharge than currently covered in the Discharge Code.

- The Discharge Code identifies **WHERE** the patient was discharged to.
- The Discharge Mode will indicate **WHY** the patient was transferred to a healthcare facility.

The Discharge Mode indicates the type of post-acute care to be received by the patient following their discharge from their acute episode of care (i.e. the end of their inpatient or daycase stay) if applicable to a case. The Discharge Mode will only be collected for patients when the patient is being transferred to another healthcare facility (hospital etc.) for additional care and, as a result, is not collected for every Discharge Code.

When one of the applicable discharge codes is chosen, the new Discharge Mode field will appear on the HIPE Portal and a value must be chosen.

The values of the Discharge Mode are as follows. The valid Discharge Destination Codes for each of the values that can be collected are also listed.

Discharge Mode	Discharge Mode Description	Valid Discharge Destination codes
1	Acute Care	3, 4, 5, 10, 11
2	Rehabilitation Care	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14
3	Palliative Care	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14
4	Convalescence/Step Down Care	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14
5	Long Term/Nursing Care	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14
6	General Psychiatric Care	3, 4, 5, 8, 9
7	Other Care	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14
9	Unspecified/Unknown Care	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14

The following table gives details on the definitions of the different Discharge Modes

Discharge Mode	Definitions
1) Acute Care	Follow-on care where there is an acute length of stay following an acute length of stay.
	For example, a patient is transferred from your hospital to another hospital for
	continuing acute care.
2) Rehabilitation	Care in which the primary clinical purpose is improvement in the functioning of a
Care	patient with an impairment, activity limitation or participation restriction due to a
	health condition. For example, a patient is transferred to a specific facility for
	rehabilitation following a surgical intervention.
3) Palliative Care	Care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is the optimisation of the
	quality of life of a patient with an active and advanced life-limiting illness. For example,
	a patient is transferred to a facility for the provision of Palliative Care following a
	terminal diagnosis.
4) Convalescence/	Care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is support for a patient
Step Down Care	with impairment, activity limitation or participation restriction due to a health
	condition where there is an expectation that the patient will be subsequently
	discharged home.
5) Long Term	Care in which the primary clinical purpose is to support the functioning of a patient
/Nursing Care	who can no longer live independently.
6) General	Care in which the primary clinical purpose is improvement in the functional status,
Psychiatric Care	behaviour and/or quality of life of a patient with significant psychiatric or behavioural
	disturbance.
7) Other Care	Further care that is not covered by the other options.
9) Unspecified/	Care where the intention of the care is not known or not recorded.
Unknown Care	

8. Discharge Mode /Cont'd:

Additional notes on assignment of Discharge Mode:

- The Discharge Mode must record the reason the patient is transferred to another medical facility where a patient is transferred directly to another facility for a stated purpose (such as rehabilitation or palliative care) and where this is recorded in the chart.
- A patient may receive non-acute care in an acute facility so it cannot be assumed that the Discharge Mode is "1 Acute" for patients transferred to acute facilities.
- The definitions above are for reference only and the chart must be clear as to what type of ongoing care is being delivered before applying the Discharge Mode.
- If it is not clear in the patient's chart what type of care the patient will receive in the subsequent facility, then the "9 Unspecified/Unknown Care" should be chosen.
- Convalescence/Step Down care typically covers the transfer of patients to non-acute facilities
 where it is anticipated that they will reside for a period of time and there is an expectation
 that they will be discharged home.
- There is no change to the coding of any case in an acute setting as a result of the introduction
 of this field. For example, if a patient is receiving palliative care in the current acute episode,
 the relevant codes will be recorded as per the normal coding standards.
- The Discharge Mode is to be collected when the patient is discharged from the hospital as normal. The discharge date of the patient does not change. In particular, the Discharge Mode is not to be collected based on the medical discharge date but rather the actual discharge date.
- Where the user chooses "7) Other Care", they will be asked to identify the type of care in a free text box.
- If it is documented that a patient is transferred for more than one type of care, the main type of care should be chosen.
- The HPO will monitor the Discharge Modes used and review the options if required.

Additional checks will be added to the HIPE Portal to ensure that valid discharge modes used for each discharge code.

Note: The download of this variable has been facilitated since 2023

9. Date of Birth

The date of birth is stored as 8 digits (dd/mm/yyyy). It is possible to key the last two digits of the year (yy) and the software will convert this to a year this century (20yy). If the date of birth is unknown the year must be estimated and entered with the day and month being keyed as 00/00 e.g. 1981 = 00/00/1981.

The full date of birth is collected only at hospital level. Full details are not currently exported to the HPO.

10. Infant Admission Weight

For patients aged less than 1 year of age, admission weight is collected in grams in the following circumstances:

- Required for all neonates (0-27 days old)
- Required for infants up to 1 year of age with an admission weight less than 2,500 grams.

The value collected will be the weight in whole grams on admission. If the patient is admitted on the day of birth, the admission weight will be the birth weight.

11. Sex

Enter appropriate code:

1 - Male 2 – Female (3 – Unknown) Rare and Unlikely

12. Marital /Civil Status

Enter appropriate code:

1 – Single **5** – Unknown **9** – Surviving Civil Partner

2 – Married
3 – Widowed
6 – Divorced
7 – Civil Partner

4 – Other (includes Separated) 8 – Former Civil Partner

13. Medical Card Indicator

This relates to the patient's eligibility and not to the status of bed used by the patient during the stay in hospital. This variable excludes the GP-only card. If the patient has full eligibility for health services and has a medical card, the coder will enter the appropriate code;

0 - No **1** - Yes **2** - Unknown

14. EIRCODE

Eircode is a smart location postcode system for all Irish addresses. An Eircode* is a 7 alphanumeric character code consisting of a "Routing key" (consisting of the first 3 characters) and a "Unique Identifier" (consisting of the remaining characters). While the complete Eircode is recorded on the HIPE Portal locally in hospitals, **only the routing key is exported to the HIPE national file** for data protection reasons. It is expected that the Eircode will be downloaded from the PAS/IPMS/HIS. The Eircode refers to the normal address of the patient. The Eircode is collected for all cases except where the patient has a non-Irish address or has no fixed abode. Eircode is collected in addition to area of residence.

	Routing Key		Uni	ique l	dent	ifier	
Eircode							
	Ex	port	ed	Not	Ехро	orted	

Example Eircode

Routing Key	Unique Identifier	
A 6 5	F 4 E 2	
Exported	Not Exported	

^{*} Please see https://www.eircode.ie/home

15. Area of Residence

The area of residence code identifies the place where the person would normally reside, i.e. 'home address'. Foreign nationals now resident in this country would whave a code assigned for where they now live in Ireland. Foreign visitors here for short stays would be coded to the country where they normally reside.



No fixed abode	0000	
Ireland*		
County	Code	
Carlow	0500	
Cavan	2900	
Clare	1600	
Cork (City)	1101	
Cork (County)	1200	
Donegal	2800	
North Dublin City & County†	0100	
South Dublin City & County†	0200	
Galway (City)	1801	
Galway (County)	1900	
Kerry	1300	
Kildare	0300	
Kilkenny	0700	
Laois	2500	
Leitrim	2600	
Limerick (City)	1401	
Limerick (County)	1500	
Longford	2200	
Louth	3100	
Mayo	2100	
Meath	3200	
Monaghan	3000	
Offaly	2400	
Roscommon	2000	
Sligo	2700	
Tipperary North Riding††	1700	
Tipperary South Riding††	0800	
Waterford (City)	0901	
Waterford (County)	1000	
Westmeath	2300	
Wexford	0600	
Wicklow	0400	
Northern Ireland	3310	

Europe	_
Country	Code
Austria	3318
Belgium	3301
Bulgaria	3331
Croatia	3333
Cyprus	3321
Czech Republic	3322
Denmark	3302
England	3303
Estonia	3323
Finland	3316
France	3304
Germany	3305
Greece	3306
Hungary	3324
Italy	3308
Latvia	3325
Lithuania	3326
Luxembourg	3309
Malta	3327
Norway	3317
Poland	3328
Portugal	3314
Romania	3332
Scotland	3311
Slovak Republic	3329
Slovenia	3330
Spain	3313
Sweden	3315
Switzerland	3319
The Netherlands (Holland)	3307
Wales	3320
All other European	3350
Rest of the World	
Africa	3400
America North and Canada	3501
America South, Central and The Caribbean	3502
Asia, Middle East, Far East & South East Asia	3600
Australia, New Zealand & Oceania	3700

^{*} Please note that in addition to the area of residence variable, HIPE collects the Eircode for Irish addresses when present of which the first 3 characters (routing key) are exported to the HPO – see also page 8.

[†] See also detailed listing of Dublin HIPE postal codes on page 10

^{††} See also listing for Tipperary North and South Riding on page 11

Dublin HIPE Postal Districts

North Dublin – 0100 (all odd numbered postal codes)

South Dublin – 0200 (all **even** numbered postal codes)

For further specificity a patient's own Dublin postal codes may be incorporated into these codes, 0100 & 0200. Please see the list of examples below.

Address	Code	Address	Code	Address	Code
Arbour Hill (7)	0107	Darndale (17)	0117	Monkstown	0200
Artane (5)	0105	Dartry (6)	0206	Mt. Merrion	0200
Baily (13)	0113	Deans Grange	0200	Mulhuddart (15)	0115
Balbriggan	0100	Dollymount (3)	0103	Neilstown (22)	0222
Baldoyle (13)	0113	Dolphin's Barn (8)	0208	Newtown Park	0200
Balgriffin (17)	0117	Donaghmede (13)	0113	Oldbawn (24)	0224
Ballinteer (16)	0216	Donnybrook (4)	0204	Palmerstown (20)	0220
Ballsbridge (4)	0204	Drimnagh (12)	0212	Pembroke (4)	0204
Ballybough (3)	0103	Drumcondra (9)	0109	Phibsboro (7)	0107
Ballybrack	0200	Dubber (11)	0111	Porterstown (15)	0115
Ballyedmonduff (18)	0218	Dundrum (14)	0214	Portmarnock	0100
Ballyfermot (10)	0210	Dun Laoghaire	0217	Portobello (8)	0208
Ballygall (11)	0111	East Wall (3)	0103	Priorswood (17)	0117
Ballyogan (18)	0218	Edmonstown (16)	0216	Raheny (5)	0105
Bawnogue (22)	0222	Elm Mount (9)	0109	Ranelagh (6)	0206
Bayside (13)	0113	Fairview (3)	0103	Rathgar (6)	0206
Beaumont (9)	0109	Finglas (11)	0111	Rathmines (6)	0206
Belcamp (17)	0117	Firhouse (24)	0224	Ringsend (4)	0204
Blackrock	0200	Four Courts (7)	0107	Riverside (17)	0117
Blanchardstown (15)	0115	Foxrock (18)	0218	Rockbrook (16)	0216
Bluebell (12)	0212	Goatstown (14)	0214	Roebuck (14)	0214
Bohernabreena (24)	0224	Griffith Ave. (9)	0109	S.C.R (8)	0208
Cabinteely (18)	0218	Harmonstown (5)	0105	Sandford (6)	0206
Cabra (7)	0107	Howth (13)	0113	Sandyford (18)	0218
Cappagh (11)	0111	Inchicore (8)	0208	Sandymount (4)	0204
Carrickmines (18)	0218	Irishtown (4)	0204	Santry (9)	0109
Castleknock (15)	0115	Island Bridge (8)	0208	Shankill (18)	0218
Chapelizod (20)	0220	Jamestown (11)	0111	Skerries	0100
Churchtown (14)	0214	Jobstown (24)	0224	Stepaside (18)	0218
Clondalkin (22)	0222	Kilmacud	0200	Stillorgan	0200
Clonee (15)	0115	Kilmainham (8)	0208	Sutton (13)	0113
Clonliffe (3)	0103	Kilmashogue (16)	0216	Tallaght (24)	0224
Clonshaugh (17)	0117	Kilnamanagh (24)	0224	Terenure (6)	0206
Clonsilla (15)	0115	Kilshane (11)	0111	The Coombe (8)	0208
Clontarf (3)	0103	Kilternan (18)	0218	Ticknock (18)	0218
Coolock (5)	0105	Kimmage Rd. (6w)	0206	Wadelai (11)	0111
Corduff (15)	0115	Knocklyon (16)	0216	Walkinstown (12)	0212
Cornelscourt (18)	0218	Malahide	0100	Whitechurch (16)	0216
Cremore (11)	0111	Marino (3)	0103	Whitehall (16)	0216
Cruagh (16)	0216	Merchants' Qy. (8)	0208	Whitehall (9)	0109
Crumlin (12)	0212	Merrion (4)	0204	Windy Arbour (14)	0214
	ı			I	ı



Tipperary North Riding: 1700

Ballinastick Ballina Ballingarry Ballynonty Ballycahill Birr

Borrisokane Borrisoleigh Bouladuff

Birdhill
Ballinahow
Coalbrook
Cloughjordan
Clonea

Clonlea
Dolla
Dronard
Drangan
Drumbane
Glencarragh

Gaile Gortnahoe Glengoole Holycross Inch

Kyle Littleton Lorrha Loughnafulla

Lisnaginly Milestone Nenagh Newhill

Newport Puckane Portroe

Roscrea

Silvermines

Sherry

Templemore Templetouhy

Thurles
Toomevara
Tyane

Upperchurch

Tipperary South Riding: 0800

Abbey
Abbeyside
Annacarthy
Ardfinnan
Athenny
Ballinilard
Ballinure
Ballydrehid
Ballykisteen
Ballyloogy
Ballymacarber

Ballymacarberry Ballypatrick Ballyporeen Bansha

Bonorlahan Burncourt Bohererowe Cullen

Cahir Cappawhite

Carrick-On-Suir Cashel

Clerihan
Clogheen
Cloneen
Clonmel
Crohan
Commins
Drumiomogue
Donaskeigh
Dondhill
Dualla

Dundrum Emly Fethard Grantstown Glohihan Golden Goolds Cross Hollyford

Loughtally
Kilfeackle
Kellenaule
Kilcross
Kishane
Kilshelan
Knockroe
Knockgraffan
Lattin

Latun

Limerick Junction

Lisronagh Loughtally Monard Mullinahone

Noan Newcastle New Inn Rossmore

Tipperary Town
Nine-Mile-House

16. Patient status on discharge

Refers to the public/private status of the patient and not to the type of bed occupied. Either public or private must be specified.

Enter appropriate code:

1 - Public

2 - Private

Where the patient has a discharge status of <u>Private</u> the **Health Insurer** of the patient will be collected where applicable. The coder will have the option to select from the following list:

Code	Description
1	Voluntary Health Insurance (VHI)
2	Laya (formerly Quinn Healthcare)
3	Irish Life Health (formerly Aviva)
5	Company Insurance plan (ESB etc.)
6	State employee insurance (Prison Officer, Garda, Army)
7	GloHealth (Not in use)
8	Not stated
9	Other
0	No Insurance

17. Day Case

A day case is a patient who is admitted to hospital on an elective basis for care and/or treatment which does not require the use of a hospital bed overnight and who is discharged as scheduled. (*Source*: Department of Health and Children, September 1993).

Enter appropriate code for Day Case: $\mathbf{0}$ - No $\mathbf{1}$ - Yes

18. Day Ward Indicator

If the patient is identified as a day case it is necessary to denote that the patient was admitted to a dedicated named day ward. The options presented will be

0 - No **1** - Yes **2** - Unknown.

Hospitals must apply to register their dedicated day wards with the Healthcare Pricing Office prior to using this facility via the MDS ward registration application.

19. Day Ward Identifier

If the answer to Day Ward Indicator is 1 - Yes, the pre-registered Day Ward name must be entered to identify the day place where the patient was treated.

20. Number of ITU/ICU days (where applicable)*:

This identifies the number of days the patient spent in an intensive care environment e.g. ICU/ITU/CCU/HDU/NITU etc.

This variable collects the total number of days in an ITU/ICU bed.

In addition, where the patient status on discharge is private the following will also be collected:

- Number of days in an ITU/ICU bed single occupancy ITU/ICU room/ward
- Number of days in an ITU/ICU bed multiple occupancy ITU/ICU room/ward

See also: item 27 Critical Care Bed Days.

21. Number of days (where applicable) by Bed Type:

Bed Type: A patient may be in any or all of the bed types during the episode of care- the total number of days for bed type must equal the length of stay.

- a) Private Bed Total number of days† in a Private Bed
- b) Semi-private Bed Total number of days† in a Semi-private bed
- c) Public Bed Total number of days† in a Public bed

Please note that the length of stay may also include temporary leave days and ITU days where appropriate.

† The total number of days in a private/semi-private/public bed are based on the designation of the bed and not the public/private status of the patient.

22. Number of days by Room Type:

Room Type: A patient may be in either or both room types during the episode of care – the total number of days for room type must equal the length of stay.

- a) Single Room Bed Total number of days in a bed in a single occupancy room/ward §
- b) Multiple Room Bed Total number of days in a bed in a Multiple occupancy room/ward §

Please note that the length of stay may also include temporary leave days.

§The total number of days in a bed in a single or multiple occupancy room is not dependant on the public/private designation of the bed or whether the bed is an ITU bed.

* Note: Since 2023, the implementation of a flag download indicating if the patient spent any time in an ITU/ICU or in a HDU. This is automatically populated and the coder is not required to enter this data. Space for the collection of this flag is included in the 2024 HIPE Summary sheet.

23. Consultant Identifiers

Each consultant has a unique number (4 digit code) assigned by the HPO which may *not* be used for any other consultant. When a consultant (including non-permanent consultants) takes up duty a request for a new (or existing) number is submitted through the online HIPE Meta Data Services application (MDS). All consultant numbers are encrypted on export to the HPO.

The HPO will update the consultant number system to a longer consultant code to provide capacity for issuing consultant numbers.

Notes:

- For data entry purposes, where the entire case is handled by one consultant his/her code number need only be entered opposite the principal diagnosis.
- If more than one consultant is involved in a case the relevant consultant code number will be placed opposite the relevant diagnoses/procedures.
 See ICS 0027 Multiple Coding.
- Specialty of A Case: A specialty code is assigned to the case on the basis of the specialty assignment of the consultant associated with the principal diagnosis.

The specialty assignment of the consultant is determined locally. All specialty codes are listed at the end of this instruction manual. The specialty code of the discharge consultant is also collected.

- Consultant specialties are listed on page 23 of this document and specialties are based on the list of Medical Council Specialties
- A Consultant may have more than one specialty and the information must be readily available in the healthcare record for HIPE coders to assign the correct specialty.

Consultant Types:

23(a) Primary Consultant

The primary consultant is the consultant who has overall responsibility for the case. If there is no clear information in the chart on the identity of the primary consultant, the code for the discharge consultant will be used.

23(b) Admitting Consultant

The admitting consultant is the consultant who admits the patient. If there is no clear information in the chart on the identity of the admitting consultant, the code for the primary consultant will be used.

23(c) Discharge Consultant and Specialty

The discharge consultant is the consultant who discharges the patient at the end of the episode.

23(d) Specialty of Discharge Consultant

The specialty of the discharge consultant.

23. Consultant identifiers Contd./

23(e) Consultant Anaesthetists

The consultant anaesthetist should be recorded next to the procedure where a coded anaesthetic was administered as part of the procedure. The operating consultants' and consultant anaesthetists' codes will also be repeated against the anaesthetic code for the procedure.

If there is no coded anaesthetic for a procedure then there will be no code entered for the consultant anaesthetist. The existing coding standard on the administration of local anaesthetic (ACS 0031) continues to apply and, as such, neither local anaesthetics nor the consultants who administer them should be coded.

Anaesthetics administered by a non-anaesthetist will record the particular consultant's code.

23(f) Intensive Care Consultant

Consultant codes are assigned for Intensive Care Consultants/Consultant Intensivists when a patient spends any time in an intensive care environment and this is documented in the chart. Codes for up to ten Intensive Care Consultant/Consultant Intensivists can be entered on the patient's HIPE record.

24. Procedure Dates

A procedure date is collected for <u>all</u> coded procedures. The principal procedure is sequenced first regardless of the date performed. See ICS 002X *Date for Each Procedure Performed*.

25. Ward Identification

The ward identifier can be up to 6 characters in length.

Admitting ward:

The ward to which the patient is formally admitted. If the admission ward is unclear the coder should determine the ward based on the midnight census. The admitting ward can be an inpatient ward or a registered dayward.

<u>Discharge ward:</u>

The ward occupied prior to discharge.

(Source: Department of Health & Children CX06/2006)

Please note that the discharge ward <u>cannot</u> be a discharge lounge.

26. Temporary leave days (where applicable)

For all discharges the number of temporary leave days will be collected to "enable the collection of information on the number of days during an in-patient stay where the patient is not in the hospital and has been temporarily sent home." (Source: Department of Health & Children CX06/2006)

There will be a single HIPE record to include the total length of stay in days from the patient's original admission to the eventual final discharge.

This field will **not** be collected where:

- A patient is considered to be "clinically discharged" but continues to reside in a bed for a number of days prior to being transferred to another facility.
- Where a patient is temporarily sent to another hospital for a day to undergo a particular procedure.
- Where the patient returns home during a day and returns before midnight.
- Where a patient returns home for more than three days and is readmitted after this.

27. Number of days in a Critical Care Bed (where applicable)

This field will record the number of days a patient spent in a Level 2, Level 3 or Level 3s critical care bed using the definitions used by the Critical Care Programme ¹

- The number of days is to be based on the midnight census
- Intensive care beds are considered to be non-designated and as such are neither public nor private
- This information is collected for all patients
- The 'number of days in a critical care bed' field is not related to the 'number of days in a ITU bed' field and should be collected separately. This field is to distinguish level 2, level 3 and level 3s beds from other types of ICU/ITU beds.

¹http://www.hse.ie/eng/about/Who/clinical/natclinprog/criticalcareprogramme/modelofcare/criticalcare.pdf

28. Parity (see also Irish Coding Standards: HIPE Guidelines for Administrative Data; Parity)

Collection of the patient's parity is mandatory for all cases with admission type "6 *Maternity*". For this variable, two separate integer (whole) numbers are collected to record:

- The number of previous livebirths
- The number of previous stillbirths (over 500g)

For multiple births, each birth is counted. The current pregnancy is not included. Where information is available, parity may be collected for all other females regardless of admission type.

Please note the following:

- Please use '0' to record where there are no previous live births and/or stillbirths.
- If the number of previous live births or the number of previous stillbirths is not documented this will be recorded as NA (not available).

29. Hospital Reference Number for HPO Use:

A 3 digit code allocated to your hospital by the HPO for HIPE operational purposes and is <u>automatically</u> assigned by the data entry software. This code is for HPO operational use only. It differs from the 4-digit Hospital Code List (see pages 20-22) which are used for transfers and to identify the hospital that the patient attends (see item 1 on page 3).

30. Medical Discharge Date/ Medically Fit for Discharge Date

Where a clinician documents and dates that a patient is medically fit for discharge a date can be collected. Where a "medical discharge date" is not documented the field will default to the discharge date of the patient.

This date is collected since 1.1.2017.

Queries on this variable can be directed to the appropriate clinician.

31. Duration of Continuous Ventilatory Support (CVS) - Cumulative

For patients receiving continuous ventilatory support/mechanical ventilation HIPE collects the total number of hours of CVS. Cases with a procedure code from block [569] *Ventilatory support* require the total cumulative number of hours of CVS to be collected as an administrative variable on HIPE.

The maximum number of hours that can be recorded as an administrative variable for duration of CVS - cumulative is 9999.

See also Irish Coding Standards, Section 2, Guidelines for administrative data, Item X. DURATION OF CONTINUOUS VENTILATORY SUPPORT (CVS) - Cumulative

32. COVID-19 Flag - Urgent response for collection during the current pandemic

Question: Lab-confirmed COVID-19 Past or Present

Case Types: This variable is collected for all inpatient and day cases. This is collected separately to ICD-10-AM codes for COVID-19.

Coders will choose "YES" if:

There is a diagnosis of Lab-confirmed COVID-19 during the current episode of care (Laboratory confirmed cases **U07.1X** [Coronavirus (COVID-19), virus identified]

OR

There is documentation in the chart that the patient had a Lab-confirmed COVID-19 or Tested Positive with COVID-19 during a previous episode of care.

OR

There is documentation in the chart that the patient was previously diagnosed with Lab-confirmed COVID-19 or Tested positive with COVID-19 anytime, anywhere (e.g. community, any hospital/nursing home), including outside of Ireland.

Please Note:

positive for COVID-19

- Documentation for this variable includes clinical notes, nursing notes, laboratory report, scans etc.
- Coders are only expected to review the current episode of care for this variable. However coders can review previous episodes if they so wish to.
- It is assumed that once a patient has a value of "YES" for the COVID-19 flag, every subsequent admission will have a value of "YES". This flag will be auto populated for subsequent episodes once ticked. No further action is required by coders if box is auto populated.
- If required coders may take COVID-19 information from the patient's healthcare record back to the start of the pandemic to determine if the patient was previously diagnosed with Lab-confirmed COVID-19 or Tested Positive for COVID-19. For operational reasons, the start of the pandemic will be from 01/01/20.
- The entire record may be utilised including previous episodes.
- If in rare cases there is uncertainty as to whether the 'Yes' was correctly assigned to this variable originally, coders may review and revise other episodes if necessary.
- This flag is collected for discharges from 1st October 2020 regardless of discharge dates.
- This flag will be subject to HPO review and audit, and any information recorded must be available in the patient's healthcare record

Example 1:				
Patient admitted with fever and cough. Final diag	nosis CO	VID-19 (Lab confirmed)		
		- (
Lab-confirmed COVID-19 Past or Present	YES			
	L			
Example 2:				
Patient admitted for repair of inguinal hernia. Do	cumented	d in chart that patient was diagnosed with Lab-		
confirmed or tested positive with COVID-19 10 we	eks ago i	n this hospital.		
Lab-confirmed COVID-19 Past or Present	YES			
Francis 2.				
Example 3:				
Patient admitted from A/E with fractured radius.	Documer	ited in chart that patient tested positive for		
COVID-19 in the community 2 months ago.				
	VEC	ا ا		
Lab-confirmed COVID-19 Past or Present	YES			
Example 4:				
Patient transferred from nursing home with myocardial infarction. Documented that patient had COVID-				
19 5 weeks previously in the nursing home.				
13 3 Weeks previously in the harsing nome.				
Lab confirmed COVID-19 Past or Present				
Edd committed covid 151 dat of 11 cache				
In this case the variable box will be left blank as t	here is no	documentation of Lab-confirmed or Tested		

33. Specialist Palliative Care Involvement

For cases discharged from 01/01/2022, a new administrative field capturing if the specialist palliative care team attended a patient during the episode will be collected. The purpose of collecting this information is to identify where palliative care is being administered by the specialist palliative care team rather than other medical practitioners.

The values for this field are listed below

PallativeCareInd	Description
0	No
1	Yes

The default value for this field is "0 No" (i.e. that the specialist palliative care team did not attend the patient).

This field is not downloaded and must be manually collected by the HIPE clinical coder.

34. Ukraine Temporary Protection Directive

The Temporary Protection Directive (2001/55 EC) has been activated by EU Council Decision EU 2022/382 of 4 March 2022, to provide immediate protection in EU countries for people displaced by the Russian invasion of Ukraine. HIPE data will now collect an administrative variable to identify when patients are covered by the Ukraine Temporary Protection Directive. This field will default to "No" and coders must change this to "Yes" when a patient is covered by the Ukraine Temporary Protection Directive.

Ukraine Temporary Protection Directive		
0	No	
1	Yes	

Note: It has been proposed to facilitate the download of this variable during 2023 & 2024

Additional Items:

Batch Coding Facility for Radiotherapy and Dialysis Episodes

A program is available to facilitate the collection of same day radiotherapy and dialysis episodes. Please contact the Healthcare Pricing Office for information on this software.

Optional Field: Date of transfer to a Pre-Discharge Unit/Rehab (where applicable)

A date may be collected to identify when a patient was *transferred* to a Pre-Discharge Unit/Rehab within the hospital <u>prior</u> to being discharged as planned. Prior to collecting this additional field hospitals must register the Pre-Discharge Unit/Rehab with the Healthcare Pricing Office and contact the HIPEIT@hse.ie to activate the optional

field:

By definition this will not be the same as discharge date.

e.g. A patient is transferred to the Pre Discharge Unit/Rehab of their hospital on 16th March 2024 and is discharged home from the Pre-Discharge Unit/Rehab 3 days later on the 19th March 2024.

Date of transfer to Pre Discharge Unit/Rehab

16 | 03 | 2024 |

Date of Discharge from Hospital | 19 | 03 | 2024

HOSPITAL CODE LIST

(For use with transfers and on download)

Dublin	and	Mid	Leinster	Region
--------	-----	-----	----------	--------

- St. Mary's Hospital, Phoenix Park 0100
- St. Columcille's Hospital, Loughlinstown 0101
- 0102 Naas General Hospital
- 0106 Cherry Orchard Hospital, Ballyfermot
- 0201 Midland Regional Hospital, Portlaoise
- 0202 Midland Regional Hospital, Mullingar
- 0203 Midland Regional Hospital, Tullamore

Dublin and North East Region

- 0400 Louth County Hospital, Dundalk
- 0402 Cavan General Hospital
- 0403 Our Lady's Hospital, Navan
- 0404 Monaghan General Hospital
- 0922 Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital, Drogheda
- 0108 Connolly Hospital Blanchardstown

Western Region

- University Hospital Limerick (Dooradoyle) 0300
- 0301 University Maternity Hospital, Limerick
- 0302 Croom Orthopaedic Hospital, Limerick
- 0304 UL Hospitals, Nenagh Hospital
- 0305 **UL Hospitals, Ennis Hospital**
- 0500 Letterkenny University Hospital
- 0501 Sligo University Hospital
- 0502 Our Lady's Hospital, Manorhamilton
- 0800 **Galway University Hospitals**

0801 Merlin Park University Hospital, Galway [From June 2011 the use of code 0801 is invalid. All transfers to/from Galway University Hospital and the hospital previously known as Merlin Park are identified using the code for the single entity 'Galway University Hospitals' 0800]

- Mayo University Hospital 0802
- 0803 Roscommon University Hospital
- 0805 **Ballina District Hospital**
- 0919 Portiuncula University Hospital, Ballinasloe

Southern Region

- 0600 University Hospital Waterford (Ardkeen)
- 0601 St. Luke's General Hospital, Kilkenny
- 0602 Kilcreene Orthopaedic Hospital
- 0605 **Wexford General Hospital**
- 0607 Tipperary University Hospital (TippUH), Clonmel
- 0608 Our Lady's Hospital, Cashel

Southern Region Contd/ 0701 St. Mary's Orthopaedic Hospital, Gurranabraher 0703 Mallow General Hospital 0704 **Bantry General Hospital** St. Finbarr's Hospital, Cork 0705 0724 Cork University Hospital (Includes Cork University Maternity Hospital) 0725 Erinville Hospital, Cork (Closed March 2007) 0726 University Hospital Kerry **Voluntary and Other Hospitals** 0901 Adelaide Hospital, Dublin 0903 Meath Hospital, Dublin 0904 St. James's Hospital, Dublin 0908 Mater Misericordiae University Hospital, Dublin St. Vincent's University Hospital, Elm park 0910 0912 St. Michael's Hospital, Dun Laoghaire 0913 Mercy University Hospital, Cork. 0915 South Infirmary/Victoria University Hospital, Cork 0918 St. John's Hospital, Limerick 0923 Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 0925 Peamount Hospital, Newcastle 0930 Coombe Women and Infants University Hospital, Dublin 0931 National Maternity Hospital, Holles St, Dublin 0932 Rotunda Hospital, Dublin 0934 Waterford Maternity Hospital 0992 Children's Health Ireland (CHI) at Tallaght 0938 Children's Health Ireland (CHI) at Connolly 0940 Children's Health Ireland (CHI) at Temple St. 0941 Children's Health Ireland (CHI) at Crumlin 0943 National Children's Hospital, Harcourt St 0945 St. Anne's Hospital, Dublin 0946 Hume St. Hospital, Dublin 0947 St. Luke's Hospital, Rathgar 0948 St Luke's Radiation Oncology Network - St James's Centre 0949 St Luke's Radiation Oncology Network - Beaumont Centre 0950 Royal Victoria Eve & Ear Hospital, Dublin 0954 Incorporated Orthopaedic Hospital, Clontarf 0955 Cappagh National Orthopaedic Hospital, 0956 St. Mary's Auxiliary Hospital, Baldoyle 0960 Nat. Rehabilitation Hospital (NRH), Dun Laoghaire 0978 Our Lady's Hospice, Harold's Cross, Dublin 1225 St. Joseph's Unit, Harold's Cross 1270 Tallaght University Hospital (See 0992 for Children's Health Ireland at Tallaght) 1762 St. Joseph's Hospital, Raheny

1001 Blackrock Hospice

Private Hospitals

- 1901 Aut Even, Kilkenny
- 1902 Bons Secours Limerick
- 1903 Beacon Hospital, Dublin
- 1904 Blackrock Clinic, Dublin
- 1905 Bons Secours Cork
- 1906 Bons Secours Dublin
- 1907 Bons Secours Galway
- 1908 Bons Secours Tralee
- 1909 UPMC Kildare, Clane, Kildare
- 1910 The Galway Clinic, Galway
- 1911 Hermitage Medical Clinic, Dublin
- 1912 Highfield Healthcare, Dublin
- 1913 KingsBridge Private Hospital, Sligo
- 1914 Mater Private Hospital , Dublin
- 1915 Santry Sports Surgery Clinic, Dublin
- 1916 St Francis Private Hospital, Mullingar, Westmeath
- 1919 St Vincent's Private Hospital, Dublin
- 1920 UPMC Whitfield, Waterford
- 1921 Mater Private Hospital, Cork

Other Acute Hospitals and Covid 19 facilities (not in Hospital Code List above)

- 9070 Covid 19 Intermediate care facility
- 9071 Covid 19 Step down care facility
- 9072 Covid 19 Community isolation facility
- 9030 Acute Hospital in Northern Ireland
- 9031 Acute Hospital in England
- 9032 Acute Hospital in Scotland
- 9033 Acute Hospital in Wales
- 9040 Acute Hospital in France
- 9041 Acute Hospital in Germany
- 9050 Acute Hospital in the United States of America
- 9060 Private Hospital (only where not elsewhere specified)
- 9099 Other Acute Hospital (only where not elsewhere specified)

Department of Health

Database list of consultant specialties

	Del
	Database li
0100	Cardiology
0300	Dermatology
0400	Endocrinology
	0402 Diabetes Mellitus
0600	Otolaryngology (ENT)
	0601 Paediatric ENT
0700	Gastro-Enterology
0800	Genito-Urinary medicine
0900	Geriatric medicine
	0902 Psychogeriatric medicine
1100	Haematology
	1102 Transfusion Medicine
1300	Neurology
	1302 Paediatric Neurology
1400	Mauracuraani

1400 Neurosurgery

1402 Paediatric Neurosurgery

1500 Obstetrics/Gynaecology

1502 Obstetrics

1503 Gynaecology

1600 Oncology

1700 Ophthalmology

1702 Neuro-Ophthalmic Surgery

1703 Vitro-Retinal Surgery

1800 Orthopaedics

1802 Paediatric Orthopaedic Surgery

1900 Paediatrics

1902 Paediatric Cardiology

1903 Paediatric Oncology

1904 Neonatology

1905 Paediatric Endocrinology

1906 Paediatric Gastro-enterology

1907 Paediatric Haematology

1908 Paediatric A/E (ED) Medicine

1909 Paediatric Infectious Diseases

1910 Paediatric Metabolic Medicine

1911 Paediatric Nephrology

1912 Paediatric Respiratory Medicine

1913 Perinatal Paediatrics

1914 Paediatric Physical Handicap

1915 Paediatric Dermatology

1916 Paediatrics Development

Department of Health

Database list of consultant specialties Contd.

		Database list of consultant spe	
2000	Plastic	Surgery	
	2003	Oral and Maxillo-Facial Surgery (OMFS)	
2100	Psychiatry		
	2102	Child/adolescent Psychiatry	
	2103	Forensic Psychiatry	
	2104	Substance Abuse	
	2105	Old Age Psychiatry	
	2106	Rehabilitation Psychiatry	
2200	Radiol	ogy	
	2202	Paediatric Radiology	
	2203	Neuroradiology	
2300	Nephro	ology	
2400	Respiratory Medicine		
2500	3,		
2600	General Surgery		
	2602	Gastro-Intestinal Surgery	
	2603	Hepato-Biliary Surgery	
	2604	Vascular Surgery	
	2605	Breast Surgery	
2700	Infection	ous Diseases	
	2702	Tropical	
2800		nt & Emergency	
3000	Rehabilitation Medicine		
	3002	Spinal paralysis	
5000	General Medicine		
6000	Audiological Medicine		
6100	Public Health Medicine		
6200	Clinical Neurophysiology		
6300	Clinical Pharmacology		
6400	Clinical Physiology		
6500	_	edicine	
6700		l (Medical) Genetics	
6800		l Handicap	
6900	Nuclear Medicine		

Department of Health

Database list of consultant specialties Contd.

7000	Dental Surgery		
	7001 Oral Surgery (see 2003 Oral & Maxillo facial Surgery from Jan 2022)		
	7002 Orthodontics		
7100	Occupational Medicine		
7200	Paediatric Surgery		
7300	Palliative Medicine		
7400	Pathology		
7500	Radiotherapy		
7600	Cardio-Thoracic Surgery		
7700	Metabolic Medicine		
7800	Urology		
	7802 Renal Transplantation		
	7803 Paediatric Urology		
7900	Clinical Immunology		
8000	Anaesthetics		
	8002 Intensive Care		
	8003 Pain Relief		
	8004 Paediatric Anaesthetics		
8300	General Pathology		
8400	Chemical Pathology		
	8402 Paediatric Chemical Pathology		
8500	Histopathology		
	8502 Neuropathology		
8600	Biochemistry		
8700	Cytology		
8800	Immunology		
8900	Microbiology		
0000	8902 Virology		
9000	— Other*		
9001	Sports and Exercise Medicine		

^{*} Specialty code not for use in HIPE portal from 01.01.2019

Coding Schemes Used in HIPE in Ireland

	2024 -	12 th Edition ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	2020 - 2023	10 th Edition ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	2015 - 2019	8th Edition ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	2009 – 2014	6 th Edition ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	2005 – 2008	4 th Edition ICD-10-AM for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	1999 – 2004	ICD-9-CM (Oct 98 version) for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	1995 – 1998	ICD-9-CM (Oct 94 version) for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	1990 – 1994	ICD-9-CM (Oct 88 version) for both Diagnoses and Procedures
>	1981 – 1989	ICD-9 for Diagnoses and OPCS Procedures classification
>	1969 – 1980	ICD-8 for Diagnoses and OPCS ¹ Procedures classification

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Office of Population Censuses and Surveys (OPCS) 1975, Classification of Surgical Operations, Second Edition, London

Final Dates for Download and Export in 2024*

HIPE export month	Download all cases	Final receipt
End of January 2024	Wednesday 31 January 2024	Tuesday 6 February 2024
End of February 2024	Thursday 29 February 2024	Tuesday 5 March 2024
End of March 2024	Sunday 31 March 2024	Thursday 4 April 2024
End of April 2024	Tuesday 30 April 2024	Friday 3 May 2024
End of May 2024	Friday 31 May 2024	Thursday 6 June 2024
End of June 2024	Sunday 30 June 2024	Wednesday 3 July 2024
End of July 2024	Wednesday 31 July 2024	Tuesday 6 August 2024
End of August 2024	Saturday 31 August 2024	Wednesday 4 September 2024
End of September 2024	Monday 30 September 2024	Thursday 3 October 2024
End of October 2024	Thursday 31 October 2024	Tuesday 5 November 2024
End of November 2024	Saturday 30 November 2024	Wednesday 4 December 2024
End of December 2024	Tuesday 31 December 2024	Monday 6 January 2025

^{*} Export dates are on the third working day of the next month to ensure a full download of all cases for the previous month.

HIPE Coding Deadlines:

The deadline for HIPE data to be coded is within 30 days of discharge. For example, discharges from January 2024 are to be coded by end of February 2024.